## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 8

## BY REVENUE AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO INCOME TAXATION; AMENDING SECTION 63-3022L, IDAHO CODE, TO DISALLOW THE ELECTION FOR PAYMENT OF TAX BY PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES TO NONRESIDENTS WHO HAVE ADDITIONAL IDAHO TAXABLE INCOME AND PROVIDING FOR RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTION 63-3026A, IDAHO CODE, TO CLARIFY THE COMPUTATION OF REPORTABLE INCOME FROM THE SALE OF A PUB-LICLY TRADED PARTNERSHIP; AMENDING SECTION 63-3036B, IDAHO CODE, TO MODIFY THE SYSTEM OF BACKUP WITHHOLDING FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE OWNERS OF PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES, TO PROVIDE APPLICATION TO PUBLICLY TRADED PARTNERSHIPS THAT PROVIDE TAX INFORMATION REGARDING CERTAIN PARTNERS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING RETROACTIVE APPLICATION. 

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 63-3022L, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

63-3022L. INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE OFFICERS, DIRECTORS OR OWNERS OF AN INTEREST IN A PASS-THROUGH ENTITY OR BENEFICIARIES OF A TRUST OR ESTATE. (1) Individuals who are officers, directors or owners of an interest in a pass-through entity, as defined in section 63-3006C, Idaho Code, transacting business in Idaho or who are beneficiaries of a trust or estate with income taxable in Idaho may elect to have Idaho tax relating to income described in subsection (2) of this section reported and paid by the pass-through entity. Income subject to the election in this subsection shall be taxed at the rate applicable to corporations. The election in this section is not available to an individual who is an Idaho resident or to a nonresident who has Idaho taxable income in addition to income subject to the election allowed in this section.

- (2) The election in subsection (1) of this section applies to:
- (a) Wages, salary and other compensation paid by the pass-through entity to such officers, directors, owners of an interest in a pass-through entity or beneficiaries to the extent the compensation is Idaho taxable income of the individual to whom it is paid; and
- (b) The share of any income, loss, deduction or credit of a pass-through entity required to be included on such individual's Idaho return.
- (3) The election in subsection (1) shall be made at the time and in the manner prescribed in the rules of the state tax commission and once made is irrevocable for the taxable year. A new election may be made each year. The state tax commission may, by rule, provide for continuing elections or for the renewal of elections or both.
- (4) If no election is made under subsection (1) of this section, the pass-through entity shall withhold taxes as required in section 63-3036B, Idaho Code.

(5) For purposes of subsection (2) of this section, deductions, loss and credits allowed in computing the tax liability attributable to an electing individual shall be prescribed in the rules of the state tax commission.

 SECTION 2. That Section 63-3026A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 63-3026A. COMPUTING IDAHO TAXABLE INCOME OF PART-YEAR OR NONRESIDENT INDIVIDUALS, TRUSTS AND ESTATES. (1) For nonresident individuals, trusts, or estates the term "Idaho taxable income" includes only those components of Idaho taxable income as computed for a resident which are derived from or related to sources within Idaho. This is to be computed without the deductions for either the standard deduction or itemized deductions or personal exemptions except as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- (2) For part-year resident individuals, trusts or estates the term "Idaho taxable income" includes the total of: (a) Idaho taxable income as computed for a resident for the portion of the tax period during which a taxpayer is domiciled in or is residing in Idaho, plus (b) those components of Idaho taxable income which are derived from or related to sources within Idaho for that portion of the tax period during which a taxpayer is not domiciled in and is not residing in Idaho. This is to be computed without the deductions for either the standard deduction or itemized deductions or personal exemptions except as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
  - (3) For the purposes of subsections (1) and (2) of this section:
  - (a) Income shall be considered derived from or relating to sources within Idaho when such income is attributable to or resulting from:
    - (i) Any business, trade, profession or occupation conducted or carried on in this state, including the distributive share of partnership income and deductions, and the pro rata share of S corporation income and deductions;
    - (ii) The ownership or disposition of any interest in real or tangible personal property located in this state;
    - (iii) The ownership or disposition of any interest in intangible personal property only to the extent that such property is employed in a business, trade, profession or occupation conducted or carried on in this state. Provided however, that interest income from an installment sale of real or tangible personal property shall constitute income from sources within this state to the extent that the property sold was located within this state. Provided further, that interest income received by a partner or shareholder of a partnership or S corporation from such partnership or S corporation shall constitute income from sources within this state to the extent that the partnership or S corporation is transacting business within this state;
    - (iv) A resident estate or trust; provided however, that income distributed to beneficiaries of an estate or trust shall constitute income from sources within this state only to the extent the income would be Idaho source income if such income had been received directly by a nonresident individual;

- (v) A nonresident estate or trust to the extent the income and deductions of the nonresident estate or trust were derived from or related to sources within this state;
- (vi) The conduct of pari-mutuel wagering, charitable gaming or any other form of gambling taking place within this state, except as expressly limited in section 67-7439, Idaho Code;
- (vii) Gains or losses realized from the sale or other disposition of a partnership interest or stock in an S corporation to the extent of the partnership's or S corporation's Idaho apportionment factor in the taxable year immediately preceding the year of sale. In the case of a nonresident individual who sells the nonresident's interest in a publicly traded partnership defined in section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code doing business in Idaho, the gains or losses shall be determined using the amount described in section 751 of the Internal Revenue Code, multiplied by the apportionment factor for the year in which the sale occurred.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) (a) of this section, transactions and investments made, placed or directed by Idaho resident registered broker-dealers and investment advisers or institutions exempt from registration under the Idaho securities act in securities listed with or through the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange or any other stock exchange registered with the United States securities and exchange commission and approved by the director of the department of finance which generate dividends, interest, capital gains or similar profits or returns for nonresidents not otherwise subject to Idaho income taxation shall not result in the intangible property being deemed to have a situs outside the domicile of the owner.
- (c) Nonresident individuals shall not be taxable on investment income from a qualified investment partnership. For purposes of this paragraph, a "qualified investment partnership" means a partnership, as defined in section 63-3006B, Idaho Code, that derives at least ninety percent (90%) of its gross income from investments that produce income that would not be taxable to a nonresident individual if the investment were held by that individual.
- (d) Compensation paid by the United States for active service in the armed forces of the United States, performed by an individual not domiciled in this state, shall not constitute income derived from or related to sources within this state.
- (e) The income of nonresident or part-year resident individuals, trusts or estates which is derived from or related to sources both within and without this state shall be attributable to this state in the manner prescribed in the rules of the state tax commission.
- (4) In computing the Idaho taxable income of a part-year or nonresident individual, trust or estate, the standard deduction or itemized deductions, as defined in section 63-3022(j), Idaho Code, if applicable, and the exemptions, as defined in section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code or any allowance in lieu of such deduction, shall be allowed in the proportion that paragraph (a) of this subsection bears to paragraph (b) of this subsection:
  - (a) The Idaho taxable income of the taxpayer modified as follows:

- (i) No allowance shall be made for either the standard deduction or itemized deductions;
- (ii) No deduction shall be made for personal exemptions or any allowance in lieu of such deduction.
- (b) The Idaho taxable income as would be calculated for a resident of Idaho modified as follows:
  - (i) No allowance shall be made for either a standard deduction or itemized deductions;
  - (ii) No deduction shall be made for personal exemptions or any allowance in lieu of such deduction;
  - (iii) Compensation for active military service in the armed forces shall not be deducted;
  - (iv) Income earned within the original exterior boundaries of any federally created Indian reservation by an enrolled Indian in a federally recognized Indian tribe on a federally recognized Indian reservation shall be added if not otherwise included.
- (5) An adjustment may be made to eliminate distortions in the amount of net income attributable to a taxpayer's activities within the state of Idaho. Such deductions shall be limited to circumstances involving itemized deductions as referred to in subsection (4) of this section and which reflect:
  - (a) A failure to reflect the net income or deduction after reimbursements have been received; or
  - (b) A failure to reflect the net amount of mortgage interest income or expense from activities within Idaho.
- (6) For the purposes of subsections (1) and (2) of this section, deductions and adjustments allowed in computing the Idaho taxable income of nonresident and part-year resident individuals, trusts and estates shall be prescribed in the rules of the state tax commission. Such rules shall be based upon:
  - (a) Whether or not the deduction or adjustment is related to the production of income reportable to Idaho;
  - (b) Whether or not the deduction or adjustment is related to income received, expenses paid, or events of tax consequence which occurred during a portion of a taxable year that the taxpayer was domiciled in or residing in Idaho; or
  - (c) Any other appropriate basis for making the adjustment. An "appropriate basis" is one which the state tax commission finds is needed to insure that the amount of Idaho taxable income is fairly and reasonably related to a taxpayer's activities in this state.
- SECTION 3. That Section 63-3036B, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 63-3036B. PASS-THROUGH ENTITIES -- BACKUP WITHHOLDING. (1) A pass-through entity, as defined in section 63-3006C, Idaho Code, that is transacting business in Idaho during a taxable year shall withhold tax as prescribed in this section.
- (2) For each individual for whom withholding is required under subsection (4) of section 63-3022L, Idaho Code, the pass-through entity shall withhold tax on any actual distributions of funds from income described in

subsection (2) of section 63-3022L, Idaho Code the individual's share of income from the pass-through entity required to be included in Idaho taxable income of the individual, at the highest marginal rate applicable for the taxable year under section 63-3024, Idaho Code.

- (3) A pass-through entity is not required to withhold taxes under this section:
  - (a) In regard to an individual who is a resident of Idaho as defined in section 63-3013, Idaho Code; or
  - (b) In regard to an individual who makes a timely election under section 63-3022L, Idaho Code, to have the individual's tax reported and paid on the pass-through entity's return; or
  - (c) If the pass-through entity is a publicly traded partnership, as defined in section 7704 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is treated as a partnership for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code and that has agreed to file an annual information return reporting the name, address, taxpayer identification number and other information requested by the state tax commission concerning each unitholder whose distributive share of partnership income from Idaho sources is more than five hundred dollars (\$500); or
  - $\underline{\text{(d)}}$  If w\withholding is not required pursuant to a rule adopted under this section.
- (4) A pass-through entity that is required to withhold tax under this section shall file a withholding return with the state tax commission setting forth the amount of income described in subsection (2) of section 63-3022L, Idaho Code, the amount of tax withheld under this section and any other information required by the state tax commission. The return shall be filed with the state tax commission on the form and taxes withheld under this section shall be paid to the state tax commission in the time and manner prescribed by rules of the state tax commission. To the extent the state tax commission finds practicable, the rules shall generally conform to the requirements of section 63-3035, Idaho Code.
- (5) A pass-through entity that is required to withhold tax under the provisions of this section shall furnish a statement to each individual on whose behalf tax is withheld. The statement shall state the amount of tax withheld on behalf of the individual for the taxable year of the pass-through entity. The statement shall be made on a form prescribed by the state tax commission and shall contain any other information required by it.
- (6) A pass-through entity is liable to this state for amounts of tax required to be withheld and paid under the provisions of this section. A pass-through entity is not liable to an officer, director, or individual owner of an interest in the pass-through entity for amounts required to be withheld under the provisions of this section that were paid to the state tax commission as prescribed in this section. Amounts required to be withheld and paid over to the state tax commission under this section that are not withheld or paid over at the time and in the manner required by the provisions of this section shall be a deficiency in tax as defined in section 63-3044, Idaho Code.

SECTION 4. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval, and retroactively to January 1, 2011.